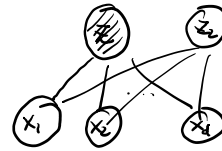


GMM:  $p(x) = \sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k N(x; \mu_k, \Sigma_k)$



MCMC: Markov Chain Monte Carlo  
Gibbs sampling

Boltzmann Distribution:

r.v.  $\vec{s} \in \{\pm 1\}^m$  iff  $\exists$  symmetric matrix  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{(m+1) \times (m+1)}$

$P(\vec{s} = \vec{s}) = \exp(\vec{s}^T W \vec{s} - A(w))$

$= \sum_{i,j=1}^m s_i s_j W_{ij} + \sum_{i=1}^m s_i W_{i,m+1} + \sum_{j=1}^m s_j W_{m+1,j}$

$A(w)$ : log-partition function:  $A(w) = \log \sum_{\vec{s} \in \{\pm 1\}^m} \exp(\vec{s}^T W \vec{s})$

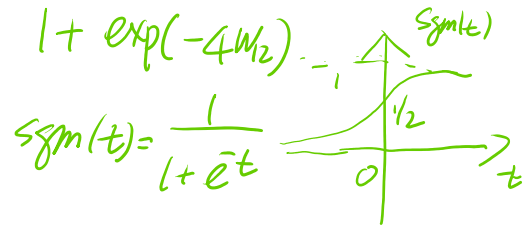
BD  $\in$  ExpFamily,  $T(\vec{s}) = \vec{s} \vec{s}^T$

BD is intractable

Example:  $m=1$ .  $P(s=1) \propto \exp\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 & w_{12} \\ w_{12} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right) = \exp(2w_{12})$   
 $P(s=-1) \propto \exp(-2w_{12})$

$P(s=1) = \frac{\exp(2w_{12})}{\exp(2w_{12}) + \exp(-2w_{12})} = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-4w_{12})}$

$\bigcup_w \text{BD}_w \subsetneq \text{Prob}(\{\pm 1\}^m)$   
 $= \text{sgm}(4w_{12})$



Boltzmann Machine (Aldley, Hinton & Sejnowski '85)

$\vec{s} = (\vec{x}, \vec{z})$ ,  $\vec{x} \in \{\pm 1\}^d$ ,  $\vec{z} \in \{\pm 1\}^t$   $\infty t \rightarrow 2^d$

$P_w(x, z) \propto \exp\left[\begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} w_{xx} & w_{xz} & b_x \\ w_{xz}^T & w_{zz} & b_z \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right]$

$$\underline{P_w(x, z)} \propto \exp\left[ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} w_{x_1} & w_{x_2} & \dots & w_{x_d} \\ w_{z_1} & w_{z_2} & \dots & w_{z_c} \\ b_x & b_z & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_W \begin{pmatrix} z \\ x \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

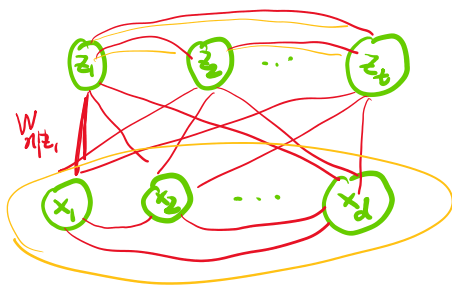
Given  $\vec{x}_1, \vec{x}_2, \dots, \vec{x}_n$ , learn  $P_w(\vec{x})$ .

Restricted Boltzmann Machine (Smolensky '86)

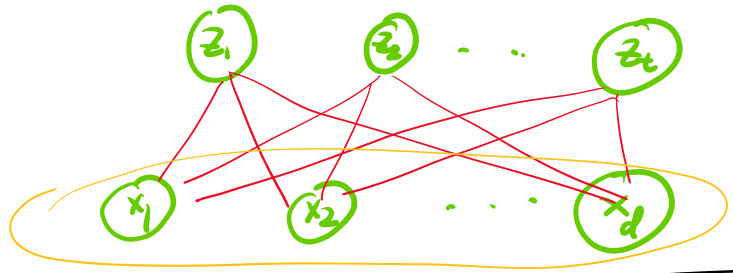
$$P_w(x, z) \propto \exp\left[ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} w_{x_1} & w_{x_2} & b_x \\ w_{z_1} & w_{z_2} & b_z \\ b_x & b_z & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \exp(x^T W_{xz} z)$$

BM



RBM



Given  $\vec{x}_1, \vec{x}_2, \dots, \vec{x}_n \sim P_w(\vec{x})$ , estimate  $w$  in  $P_w(x, z)$

① EM  $\rightarrow A(w)$

② ML  $\min_w KL(\hat{P} \| P_w(x))$

$$\equiv \min_w -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \log P_w(\vec{x}_i)$$

$$s_i = (x_i, z_i) \equiv \min_w -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \log \sum_{z \in \{\pm 1\}^c} e^{\vec{s}_i^T W \vec{s}_i - A(w)}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial W} = -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\sum_{z \in \{\pm 1\}^c} P_w(x_i, z) [s_i s_i^T - \nabla A(w)]}{P_w(x_i)}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{z \in \{\pm 1\}^c} P_w(z | x_i) [z_i z_i^T - \nabla A(w)]$$

$$\nabla A(w) = E_{P_w(x, z)} T(s)$$

$$= E_{P_w(x, z)} z z^T$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n P_w(z|x_i) \cdot \vec{s}_i \vec{s}_i^T + \text{tr}(W) \\
 & = -E_{P_w} \vec{s} \vec{s}^T + E_{P_w} \vec{s} \vec{s}^T \\
 & := \frac{1}{n} \cdot P_w(z|x_i) \quad \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \vec{s}_i \vec{s}_i^T, \quad \vec{s}_i \sim P_w(s)
 \end{aligned}$$

$E_{P_w} \vec{s} \vec{s}^T$

Gibbs sampling:  $\vec{s} \sim P_w(s)$

repeat {  
 initialize  $\vec{s} \in \{-1, 1\}^m$   
 for  $j=1, 2, \dots, m$   
 $P_j = P_w(s_j=1 | \vec{s}_{-j})$   
 set  $s_j=1$  w.p.  $P_j$  and  $s_j=-1$  otherwise

$$P_w(\vec{s}=\vec{z}) \propto \exp(\vec{z}^T W \vec{z})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \rightarrow P_w(s_j=1 | \vec{s}_{-j}) &= \frac{P_w(s_j=1, \vec{s}_{-j})}{P_w(\vec{s}_{-j})} = \frac{P_w(s_j=1, \vec{s}_{-j})}{P_w(s_j=1, \vec{s}_{-j}) + P_w(s_j=-1, \vec{s}_{-j})} \\
 &= \text{sgm}(4 \langle W_{jj}, \vec{s}_{-j} \rangle)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P_w(z_j=1 | \vec{x}_{-j}, \vec{x}) = \text{sgm}(2 \langle W_{jj}, \vec{x} \rangle)$$

$$P_w(x_j=1 | \vec{x}_{-j}, \vec{z}) = \text{sgm}(2 \langle W_{jj}, \vec{z} \rangle)$$

For  $t=1, 2, \dots$

For  $t = 1, 2, \dots$

Sample  $x_i \sim$  training data set

sample  $(\vec{x}, \vec{z}) \sim P_w(x, z)$

sample  $\vec{z}_i \sim P_w(z|x_i)$

$$\frac{\partial \log \mathcal{L}}{\partial w} = - \begin{pmatrix} x_i \\ z_i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_i \\ z_i \end{pmatrix}^T + \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{z} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \bar{x} \\ \bar{z} \end{pmatrix}^T$$

$$P_w(x, z) \propto \exp\left(\begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \end{pmatrix}^T w \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \end{pmatrix}\right)$$

draw  $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \end{pmatrix} \sim P_w$

$$\text{For RBM: } P_w(x) \propto \exp(x^T w) \cdot \prod_{j=1}^t [e^{x w_j} + e^{-x w_j}]$$

RBM is a stochastic NN  
deterministic NN

$$y_j = \Pr(z_j = 1 | \vec{x} = \vec{x}) = \text{sgm}(z w_j^T \vec{x})$$

$$\begin{cases} \vec{h} = z W^T \vec{x} \\ \vec{y} = \text{sgm}(\vec{h}) \end{cases}$$

